

Public Data-based Report



# Validation Report Service

Cryo-EM Map Validation Report

Report to assess Cryo-EM Volume Map at Level(s) 0

This report has been generated based on data publicly available at EMDB.

Basic Entry Information:
EMDB ID: EMD-31192
Title: Human Mediator (deletion of MED1-IDR) Head module
Authors: See EMDB entry link
Deposited on: 2021-04-13T00:00:00
Reported Resolution: 2.8 Å

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#### Context

Cryo-electron microscopy is currently one of the most active techniques in Structural Biology. The number of maps deposited at the Electron Microscopy Data Bank is rapidly growing every year and keeping the quality of the submitted maps is essential to maintain the scientific quality of the field. The ultimate quality measure is the consistency of the map and an atomic model. However, this is only possible for high resolution maps. Over the years there have been many suggestions about validation measures of 3DEM maps. Unfortunately, most of these measures are not currently in use for their spread in multiple software tools and the associated difficulty to access them. To alleviate this problem, we made available a validation grading system that evaluate the information provided to assess the map.

This system grades a map from 0 to 5 depending on the amount of information available. In this way, a map could be validated at Level 0 (the deposited map), 1 (two half maps), 2 (2D classes), 3 (particles), 4 (... + angular assignment), 5 (... + micrographs and coordinates). In addition, we can have three optional qualifiers: A (... + atomic model), W (... + image processing workflow), and O (... + other techniques).

This Validation Report Service is explained in more detail in this paper. For more information about the different methods and softwares used for this report, see the references here.

#### Summarized overall quality

The map seems to be well centered. There seems to be a problem with the suggested threshold (see Sec. 2.2). There seems to be a problem with the map's background (see Sec. 2.3).

The average resolution of the map estimated by various methods goes from  $3.0\text{\AA}$  to  $3.0\text{\AA}$  with an average of  $3.0\text{\AA}$ . The resolution reported by the user was  $2.8\text{\AA}$ .

The overall score (passing tests) of this report is 6 out of 8 evaluable items.

0.a Mass analysis	Sec. 2.1	OK
0.b Mask analysis	Sec. 2.2	1 warnings
0.c Background analysis	Sec. 2.3	2 warnings
0.d B-factor analysis	Sec. 2.4	OK
0.e DeepRes	Sec. 2.5	OK
0.f LocBfactor	Sec. 2.6	OK
0.g LocOccupancy	Sec. 2.7	OK
0.h DeepHand	Sec. 2.8	OK

Summary of the warnings across sections.

Section 2.2 (0.b Mask analysis)

1. There might be a problem of connectivity at this threshold because more than 5 connected components are needed to reach 95% of the total mask. Probably a smaller threshold will not cause this issue.

Section 2.3 (0.c Background analysis)

- 1. The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 has been rejected because the p-value of the comparison is smaller than 0.001
- 2. There is a significant proportion of outlier values in the background (cdf5 ratio=7138.41)

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# 1 Input data

Input map: emd\_31192.map SHA256 hash: f121bb06d1a25d798af40a38ab69332c2ef8723244f0d2ed023c49f648564647 Voxel size: 1.054000 (Å) Visualization threshold: 0.020000 Resolution estimated by user: 2.8

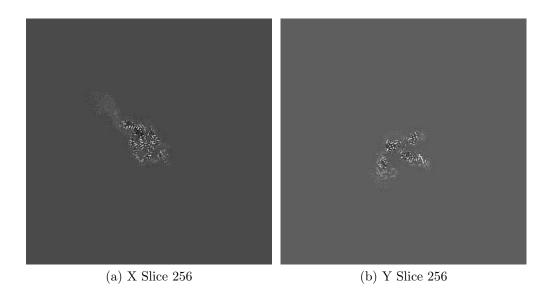
# Orthogonal slices of the input map

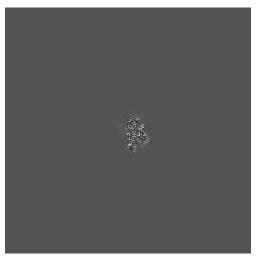
### Explanation:

In the orthogonal slices of the map, the noise outside the protein should not have any structure (stripes going out, small blobs, particularly high or low densities, ...)

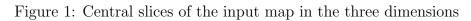
# **Results**:

See Fig. 1.

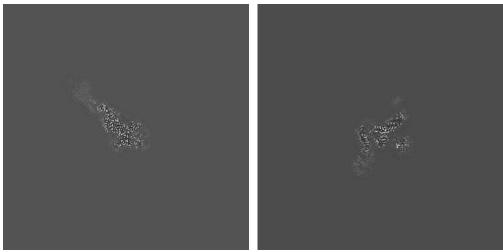




(c) Z Slice 256

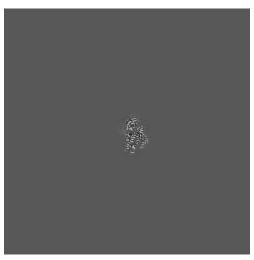


# Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the input map Results: See Fig. 2.



(a) X Slice 266

(b) Y Slice 238



(c) Z Slice 255  $\,$ 

Figure 2: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions

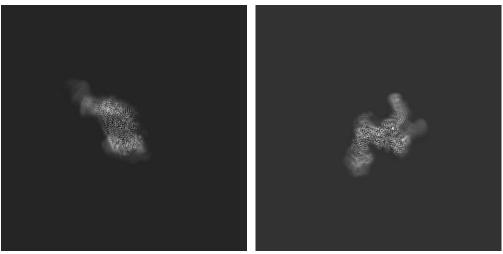
# Orthogonal projections of the input map

### Explanation:

In the projections there should not be stripes (this is an indication of directional overweighting, or angular attraction), and there should not be a dark halo around or inside the structure (this is an indication of incorrect CTF correction or the reconstruction of a biased map).

### **Results**:

See Fig. 3.



(a) X Projection

(b) Y Projection



(c) Z Projection

Figure 3: Projections in the three dimensions

# Isosurface views of the input map Explanation:

An isosurface is the surface of all points that have the same gray value. In these views there should not be many artifacts or noise blobs around the map.

### **Results**: See Fig. 4.



(a) View 1



(b) View 2



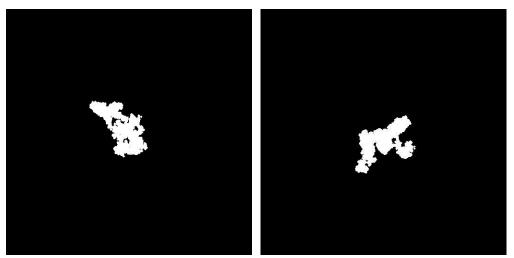
(c) View 3

Figure 4: Isosurface at threshold=0.020000. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

### Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the mask with hard borders Explanation:

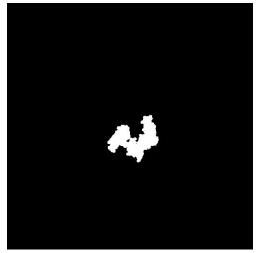
The mask with hard borders has been calculated at the suggested threshold 0.020000, the largest connected component was selected, and then dilated by  $2\text{\AA}$ .

### Results: See Fig. 5.



(a) X Slice 277

(b) Y Slice 240



(c) Z Slice 296  $\,$ 

Figure 5: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the mask with hard borders

# Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the mask with soft borders Explanation:

The mask with soft borders has been calculated at the suggested threshold 0.020000, the largest connected component was selected, and then dilated by

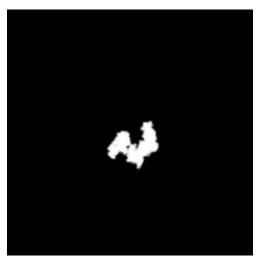
2Å.

Results: See Fig. 6.



(a) X Slice 276

(b) Y Slice 241



(c) Z Slice 296

Figure 6: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the mask with soft borders

# 2 Level 0 analysis

# 2.1 Level 0.a Mass analysis

### Explanation:

The reconstructed map must be relatively well centered in the box, and there should be at least 30Å (the exact size depends on the CTF) on each side to make sure that the CTF can be appropriately corrected.

### **Results:**

The space from the left and right in X are 213.96 and 179.18 Å, respectively. There is a decentering ratio (abs(Right-Left)/Size)% of 6.45%

The space from the left and right in Y are 182.34 and 223.45 Å, respectively. There is a decentering ratio (abs(Right-Left)/Size)% of 7.62%

The space from the left and right in Z are 202.37 and 198.15 Å, respectively. There is a decentering ratio (abs(Right-Left)/Size)% of 0.78%

The center of mass is at (x,y,z)=(270.04,234.26,264.42). The decentering of the center of mass (abs(Center)/Size)% is 2.74, 4.25, and 1.64, respectively.

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) the decentering and center of mass less than 20% of the map dimensions in all directions, and 2) the extra space on each direction is more than 20% of the map dimensions. For local and focused refinement, or similar, warnings are expected.

### STATUS: OK

# 2.2 Level 0.b Mask analysis

### Explanation:

The map at the suggested threshold should have most of its mass concentrated in a single connected component. It is normal that after thresholding there are a few thousands of very small, disconnected noise blobs. However, there total mass should not exceed 10%. The raw mask (just thresholding) and the mask constructed for the analysis (thresholding + largest connected component + dilation) should significantly overlap. Overlap is defined by the overlapping coefficient (size(Raw AND Constructed)/size(Raw)) that is a number between 0 and 1, the closer to 1, the more they agree.

### **Results:**

<u>Raw mask</u>: At threshold 0.020000, there are 2524 connected components with a total number of voxels of 103997 and a volume of 121770.66 Å<sup>3</sup> (see Fig. 7). The size and percentage of the total number of voxels for the raw mask are listed below (up to 95% of the mass or the first 100 clusters, whatever happens first), the list contains (No. voxels (volume in Å<sup>3</sup>), percentage, cumulated percentage):

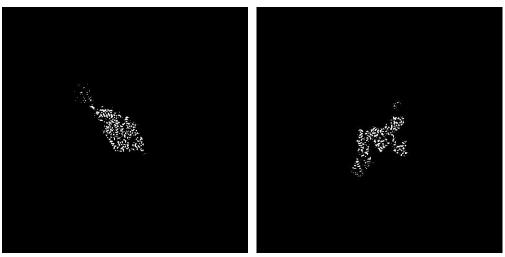
 $\begin{array}{l}(89186\ (104428.37),\ 85.76,\ 85.76)(975\ (1141.63),\ 0.94,\ 86.70)(966\ (1131.09),\\ 0.93,\ 87.62)(835\ (977.71),\ 0.80,\ 88.43)(746\ (873.50),\ 0.72,\ 89.14)(525\ (614.73),\\ 0.50,\ 89.65)(490\ (573.74),\ 0.47,\ 90.12)(411\ (481.24),\ 0.40,\ 90.52)(322\ (377.03),\\ 0.31,\ 90.83)(267\ (312.63),\ 0.26,\ 91.08)(235\ (275.16),\ 0.23,\ 91.31)(139\ (162.76),\\ \end{array}$ 

(0.13, 91.44)(117(137.00), 0.11, 91.55)(111(129.97), 0.11, 91.66)(94(110.07), 0.11)(110.07))(0.09, 91.75)(91 (106.55), 0.09, 91.84)(74 (86.65), 0.07, 91.91)(68 (79.62))(0.07, 91.98)(60, (70.25), 0.06, 92.03)(56, (65.57), 0.05, 92.09)(54, (63.23), 0.05, 92.09)(54, (63.23), 0.05))92.14(52(60.89), 0.05, 92.19)(45(52.69), 0.04, 92.23)(45(52.69), 0.04, 92.28)(43)(50.35), 0.04, 92.32)(43, (50.35), 0.04, 92.36)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04, 92.40)(40, (46.84), 0.04)(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84), 0.04)(40, (46.84), 0.04)(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84), 0.04)(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84))(40, (46.84(0.04, 92.44)(39, (45.67), 0.04, 92.47)(39, (45.67), 0.04, 92.51)(38, (44.49), 0.04, 92.51)(38, (44.49), 0.04))92.55)(38(44.49), 0.04, 92.58)(37(43.32), 0.04, 92.62)(36(42.15), 0.03, 92.65)(36(42.15), 0.03, 92.65))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15), 0.03))(36(42.15))(36(42.1(42.15), 0.03, 92.69)(36(42.15), 0.03, 92.72)(36(42.15), 0.03, 92.76)(36(42.15), 0.03)((0.03, 92.79)(35(40.98), 0.03, 92.83)(35(40.98), 0.03, 92.86)(34(39.81), 0.03)(34(39.81), 0.03)(36(92.89)(34(39.81), 0.03, 92.92)(33(38.64), 0.03, 92.96)(33(38.64), 0.03, 92.99)(32)(37.47), 0.03, 93.02)(32(37.47), 0.03, 93.05)(32(37.47), 0.03, 93.08)(30(35.13), 0.03, 0.03)(30(35.13), 0.03)(30(35), 0.03)(30(35), 0.03)(30(0.03, 93.11)(29, (33.96), 0.03, 93.14)(28, (32.79), 0.03, 93.16)(28, (32.79), 0.03)(28, (32.79), 0.0(93.19)(28(32.79), 0.03, 93.22)(27(31.61), 0.03, 93.24)(27(31.61), 0.03, 93.27)(26)(30.44), 0.03, 93.29)(24 (28.10), 0.02, 93.32)(24 (28.10), 0.02, 93.34)(24 (28.10), 0.02)(24 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10), 0.02)(26 (28.10)(0.02, 93.36)(23, (26.93), 0.02, 93.39)(23, (26.93), 0.02, 93.41)(23, (26.93), 0.02)(23, (26.93), 0.093.43)(23(26.93), 0.02, 93.45)(23(26.93), 0.02, 93.47)(22(25.76), 0.02, 93.50)(22(25.76), 0.02, 93.52)(22(25.76), 0.02, 93.54)(21(24.59), 0.02, 93.56)(21(24.59), 0.02, 93.56))(21(24.59), 0.02, 93.56)(21(24.59), 0.02, 93.56))(21(24.59), 0.02))(21(24.59))(21(24.59), 0.02))(21(24.59))(21(24.5(0.02, 93.58)(20, (23.42), 0.02, 93.60)(20, (23.42), 0.02, 93.62)(20, (23.42), 0.02)(20, (23.42), 0.93.64)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.65)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.67)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.69)(19)(22.25), 0.02, 93.71)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.73)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.75)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.75))(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.75)(19(22.25), 0.02, 93.75))(19(22.25), 0.02))(19(22.25))(19(0.02, 93.76)(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.78)(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.80)(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.76))(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.76)(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.76))(18 (21.08), 0.02, 93.76))93.82)(18(21.08), 0.02, 93.83)(18(21.08), 0.02, 93.85)(18(21.08), 0.02, 93.87)(18(21.08), 0.02, 93.89)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.90)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02, 93.92)(17(19.91), 0.02)(17(19.91), 0(0.02, 93.93)(17 (19.91), 0.02, 93.95)(17 (19.91), 0.02, 93.97)(16 (18.73), 0.02)93.98)(16(18.73), 0.02, 94.00)(16(18.73), 0.02, 94.01)(16(18.73), 0.02, 94.03)(16(18.73), 0.02, 94.04)(16 (18.73), 0.02, 94.06)(16 (18.73), 0.02, 94.07)(15 (17.56), 0.02, 94.07)(15 (17.56), 0.02, 94.07))(15 (17.56), 0.02, 94.07))(0.01, 94.09)(15 (17.56), 0.01, 94.10)

Number of components to reach 95% of the mass: 183

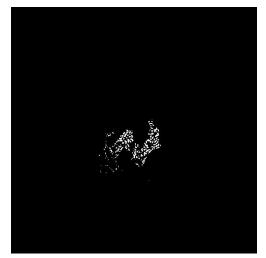
The average size of the remaining 2341 components is 2.22 voxels ( 1.17 Å<sup>3</sup>). Their size go from 9 voxels (10.54 Å<sup>3</sup>) to 1 voxels ( 1.17 Å<sup>3</sup>).

The slices of the raw mask can be seen in Fig. 7.

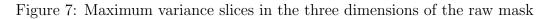


(a) X Slice 258

(b) Y Slice 241



(c) Z Slice 297



The following table shows the variation of the mass enclosed at different thresholds (see Fig. 8):

Threshold	Voxel mass	Molecular mass(kDa)	# Aminoacids
0.0073	397035.00	385.16	3501.47
0.0146	168037.00	163.01	1481.93
0.0218	92260.00	89.50	813.65
0.0291	64063.00	62.15	564.97
0.0364	48318.00	46.87	426.12
0.0437	37416.00	36.30	329.97
0.0509	28862.00	28.00	254.54
0.0582	22088.00	21.43	194.80
0.0655	16778.00	16.28	147.97
0.0728	12471.00	12.10	109.98
0.0800	9114.00	8.84	80.38
0.0873	6392.00	6.20	56.37
0.0946	4377.00	4.25	38.60
0.1019	2887.00	2.80	25.46
0.1091	1820.00	1.77	16.05
0.1164	1054.00	1.02	9.30
0.1237	629.00	0.61	5.55
0.1310	324.00	0.31	2.86
0.1382	164.00	0.16	1.45
0.1455	73.00	0.07	0.64
0.1528	31.00	0.03	0.27
0.1601	13.00	0.01	0.11
0.1674	5.00	0.00	0.04
0.1746	3.00	0.00	0.03
0.1819	0.00	0.00	0.00

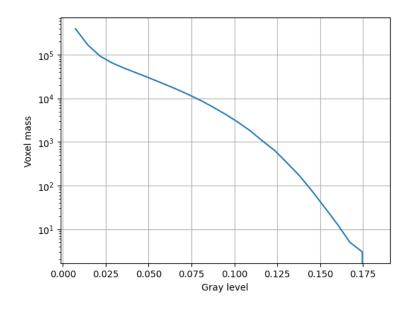


Figure 8: Voxel mass as a function of the gray level.

<u>Constructed mask</u>: After keeping the largest component of the previous mask and dilating it by  $2\text{\AA}$ , there is a total number of voxels of 405175 and a volume of 474421.62 Å<sup>3</sup>. The overlap between the raw and constructed mask is 0.87.

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) to keep 95% of the mass we need to keep at most 5 connected components; and 2) the average volume of the blobs outside the given threshold has a size smaller than  $5\text{Å}^3$ ; and 3) the overlap between the raw mask and the mask constructed for the analysis is larger than 75%.

#### WARNINGS: 1 warnings

1. There might be a problem of connectivity at this threshold because more than 5 connected components are needed to reach 95% of the total mask. Probably a smaller threshold will not cause this issue.

# 2.3 Level 0.c Background analysis

### Explanation:

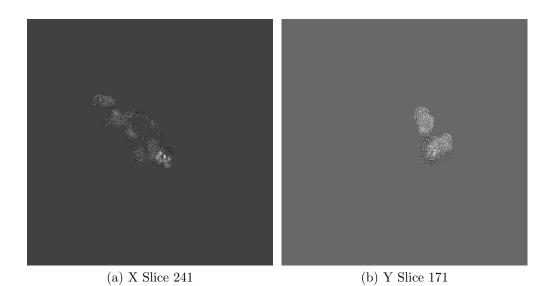
Background is defined as the region outside the macromolecule mask. The background mean should be zero, and the number of voxels with a very low or very high value (below 5 standard deviations of the noise) should be very small and they should be randomly distributed without any specific structure. Sometimes, you can see some structure due to the symmetry of the structure.

### **Results:**

The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 was tested with a one-sample Student's t-test. The resulting t-statistic and p-value were 427.54 and 0.000000, respectively.

The mean and standard deviation (sigma) of the background were 0.000022 and 0.000603. The percentage of background voxels whose absolute value is larger than 5 times the standard deviation is 0.41 % (see Fig. 9). The same percentage from a Gaussian would be 0.000057% (ratio between the two percentages: 7138.406792).

Slices of the background beyond 5\*sigma can be seen in Fig. 9.





(c) Z Slice 293  $\,$ 

Figure 9: Maximum variance slices in the three dimensions of the parts of the background beyond  $5^*$ sigma

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) the p-value of the null hypothesis that the background has 0 mean is larger than 0.001; and 2) the number of voxels above or below 5 sigma is smaller than 20 times the amount expected for a Gaussian with the same standard deviation whose mean is 0.

### WARNINGS: 2 warnings

- 1. The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 has been rejected because the p-value of the comparison is smaller than 0.001
- 2. There is a significant proportion of outlier values in the background (cdf5 ratio=7138.41)

# 2.4 Level 0.d B-factor analysis

### Explanation:

The B-factor line (see this link for more details) fitted between 15Åand the resolution reported should have a slope that is between 0 and 300 Å<sup>2</sup>. **Results:** 

Fig. 10 shows the logarithm (in natural units) of the structure factor (the module squared of the Fourier transform) of the experimental map, its fitted line, and the corrected map. The estimated B-factor was -34.3. The fitted line was  $\log(|F|^2) = -8.6/R^2 + (-14.8)$ .

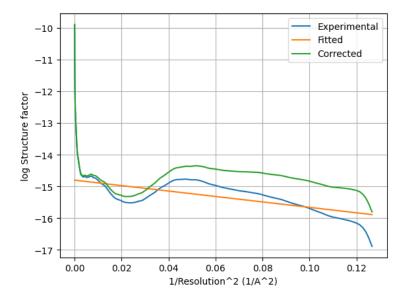
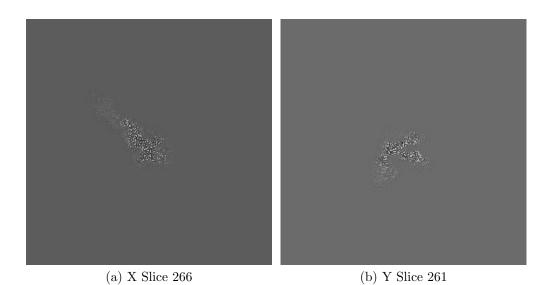
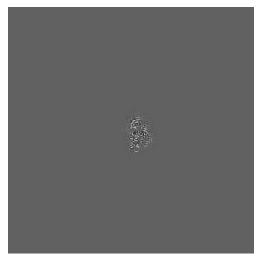


Figure 10: Guinier plot. The X-axis is the square of the inverse of the resolution in Å.





(c) Z Slice 255

Figure 11: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the B-factor corrected map

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the B-factor is in the range [-300,0].

### STATUS: OK

# 2.5 Level 0.e Local resolution with DeepRes

#### Explanation:

DeepRes (see this link for more details) measures the local resolution using a neural network that has been trained on the appearance of atomic structures at different resolutions. Then, by comparing the local appearance of the input map to the appearance of the atomic structures a local resolution label can be assigned.

### **Results:**

Fig. 12 shows the histogram of the local resolution according to DeepRes. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	$\operatorname{Resolution}(\operatorname{\AA})$
2.5%	2.50
25%	2.57
50%	2.97
75%	3.40
97.5%	4.08

The reported resolution, 2.80 Å, is at the percentile 39.8. Fig. 13 shows some representative views of the local resolution.

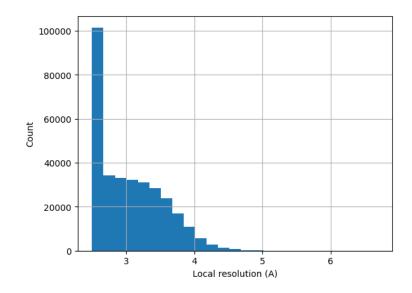
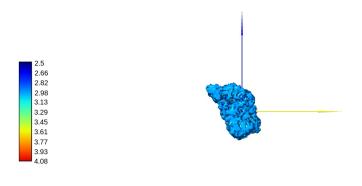


Figure 12: Histogram of the local resolution according to deepres.



(a) View 1

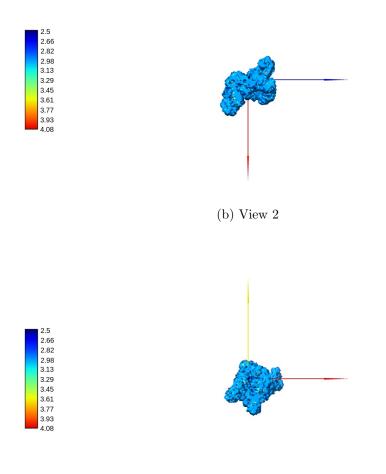




Figure 13: Local resolution according to DeepRes. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the percentile of the user provided resolution is larger than 0.1% of the percentile of the local resolution as estimated by DeepRes.

### STATUS: OK

# 2.6 Level 0.f Local B-factor

### **Explanation**:

LocBfactor (see this link for more details) estimates a local resolution Bfactor by decomposing the input map into a local magnitude and phase term using the spiral transform.

### **Results:**

Fig. 14 shows the histogram of the local B-factor according to LocBfactor. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	Local B-factor (Å <sup>-2</sup> )
2.5%	-130.48
25%	-110.75
50%	-100.77
75%	-90.98
97.5%	-72.24

Fig. 15 shows some representative views of the local B-factor.

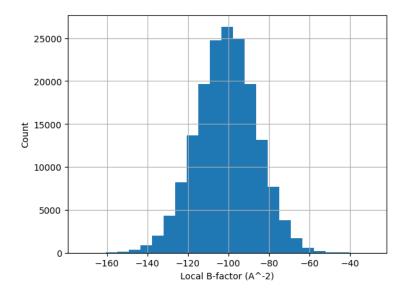
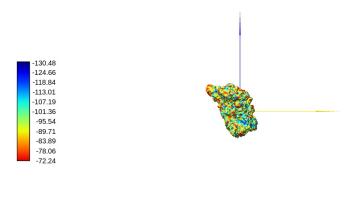


Figure 14: Histogram of the local B-factor according to LocBfactor.



(a) View 1

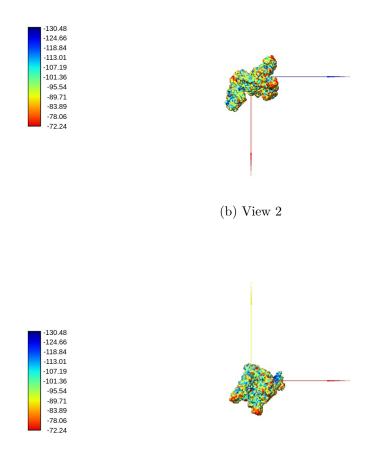




Figure 15: Local B-factor according to LocBfactor. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the median B-factor is in the range [-300,0].

# STATUS: OK

# 2.7 Level 0.g Local Occupancy

# **Explanation**:

LocOccupancy (see this link for more details) estimates the occupancy of a voxel by the macromolecule.

### **Results:**

Fig. 16 shows the histogram of the local occupancy according to LocOccupancy. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	Local Occupancy [0-1]
2.5%	0.19
25%	0.62
50%	0.84
75%	0.94
97.5%	1.00

Fig. 17 shows some representative views of the local occupancy.

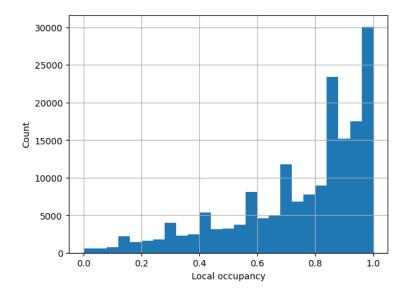
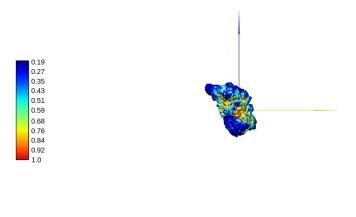


Figure 16: Histogram of the local occupancy according to LocOccupancy.



(a) View 1

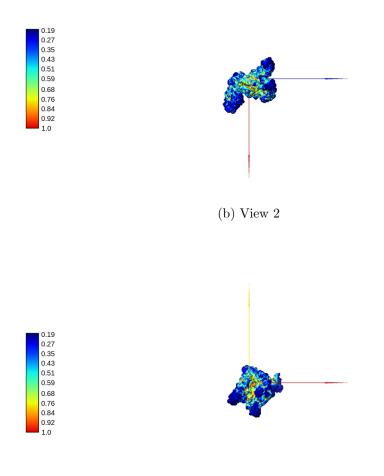




Figure 17: Local occupancy according to LocOccupancy. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the median occupancy is larger than 50%.

### STATUS: OK

# 2.8 Level 0.h Hand correction

### Explanation:

Deep Hand (see this link for more details) determines the correction of the hand for those maps with a resolution smaller than 5Å. The method calculates a value between 0 (correct hand) and 1 (incorrect hand) using a neural network to assign its hand.

### **Results:**

Deep hand assigns a score of 0.176 to the input volume. Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the deep hand score is smaller than 0.5.

STATUS: OK