



Public Data-based Report



Validation Report Service

Cryo-EM Map Validation Report

Report to assess Cryo-EM Volume Map at Level(s) 0

This report has been generated based on data publicly available at [EMDB](#).

Basic Entry Information:

EMDB ID: [EMD-6444](#)

Title: Atomic structure of a non-enveloped virus reveals pH sensors for a coordinated process of cell entry

Authors: [See EMDB entry link](#)

Deposited on: 2015-08-27T00:00:00

Reported Resolution: 3.3 Å

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Last update: **August 28, 2024, 2:40pm**

Context

Cryo-electron microscopy is currently one of the most active techniques in Structural Biology. The number of maps deposited at the [Electron Microscopy Data Bank](#) is rapidly growing every year and keeping the quality of the submitted maps is essential to maintain the scientific quality of the field. The ultimate quality measure is the consistency of the map and an atomic model. However, this is only possible for high resolution maps. Over the years there have been many suggestions about validation measures of 3DEM maps. Unfortunately, most of these measures are not currently in use for their spread in multiple software tools and the associated difficulty to access them. To alleviate this problem, we made available a validation grading system that evaluate the information provided to assess the map.

This system grades a map from 0 to 5 depending on the amount of information available. In this way, a map could be validated at Level 0 (the deposited map), 1 (two half maps), 2 (2D classes), 3 (particles), 4 (... + angular assignment), 5 (... + micrographs and coordinates). In addition, we can have three optional qualifiers: A (... + atomic model), W (... + image processing workflow), and O (... + other techniques).

This Validation Report Service is explained in more detail in this [paper](#). For more information about the different methods and softwares used for this report, see the references [here](#).

Summarized overall quality

The map seems to have some problem in its centering or extra space (see Sec. 2.1). There seems to be a problem with the suggested threshold (see Sec. 2.2). There seems to be a problem with the map's background (see Sec. 2.3).

The average resolution of the map estimated by various methods goes from 4.8Å to 4.8Å with an average of 4.8Å. The resolution reported by the user was 3.3Å. The resolution reported may be overestimated.

The overall score (passing tests) of this report is 4 out of 8 evaluable items.

0.a Mass analysis	Sec. 2.1	3 warnings
0.b Mask analysis	Sec. 2.2	2 warnings
0.c Background analysis	Sec. 2.3	2 warnings
0.d B-factor analysis	Sec. 2.4	OK
0.e DeepRes	Sec. 2.5	1 warnings
0.f LocBfactor	Sec. 2.6	OK
0.g LocOccupancy	Sec. 2.7	OK
0.h DeepHand	Sec. 2.8	OK

Summary of the warnings across sections.

Section 2.1 (0.a Mass analysis)

1. **The volume might be significantly decentered in X.**
2. **The volume might be significantly decentered in Y.**
3. **The volume might be significantly decentered in Z.**

Section 2.2 (0.b Mask analysis)

1. **There might be a problem of connectivity at this threshold because more than 5 connected components are needed to reach 95% of the total mask. Probably a smaller threshold will not cause this issue.**
2. **There might be a problem in the construction of the mask, because the overlap is smaller than 0.75. A common reason is that the suggested threshold causes too many disconnected components.**

Section 2.3 (0.c Background analysis)

1. **The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 has been rejected because the p-value of the comparison is smaller than 0.001**
2. **There is a significant proportion of outlier values in the background (cdf5 ratio=14790.09)**

Section 2.5 (0.e DeepRes)

1. **The reported resolution, 3.30 Å, is particularly high with respect to the local resolution distribution. It occupies the 0.01 percentile**

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1 Input data

Input map: emd_6444.map

SHA256 hash: e4e7559d05101dc7d9cdb6587d1405274a56fc3b94f9a61b62279d1fb9b855bb

Voxel size: 1.036000 (Å)

Visualization threshold: 0.015000

Resolution estimated by user: 3.3

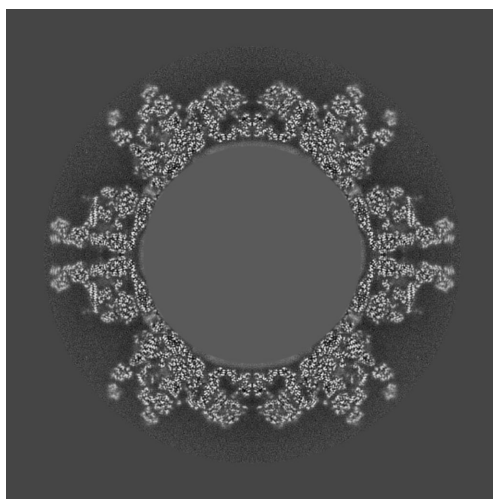
Orthogonal slices of the input map

Explanation:

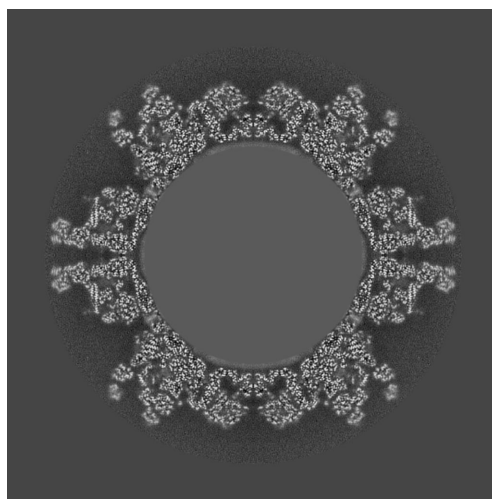
In the orthogonal slices of the map, the noise outside the protein should not have any structure (stripes going out, small blobs, particularly high or low densities, ...)

Results:

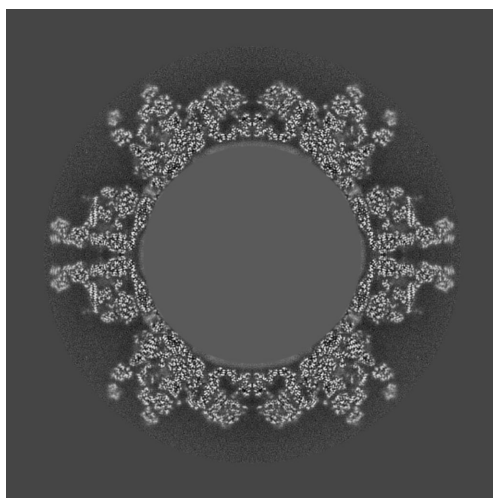
See Fig. 1.



(a) X Slice 512



(b) Y Slice 512



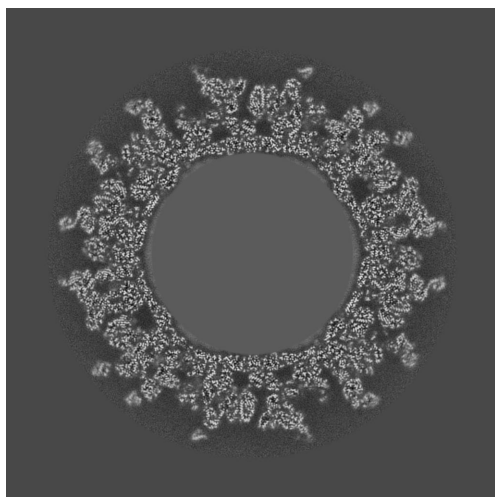
(c) Z Slice 512

Figure 1: Central slices of the input map in the three dimensions

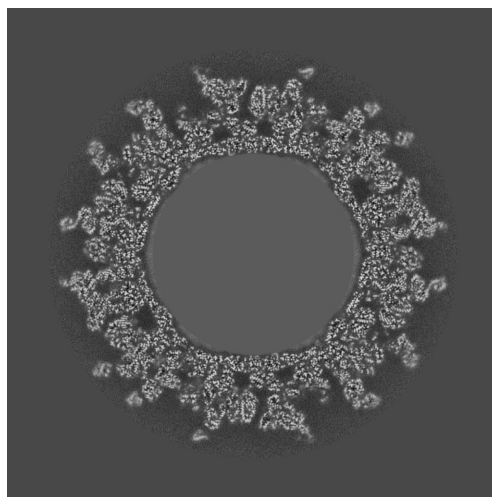
Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the input map

Results:

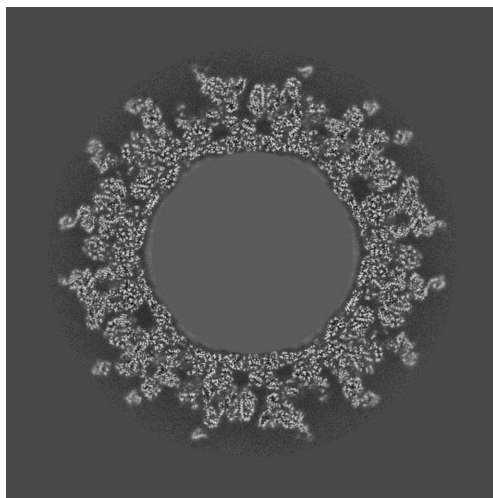
See Fig. 2.



(a) X Slice 598



(b) Y Slice 426



(c) Z Slice 598

Figure 2: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions

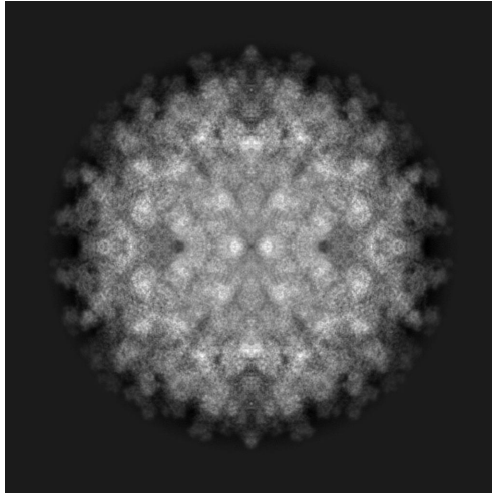
Orthogonal projections of the input map

Explanation:

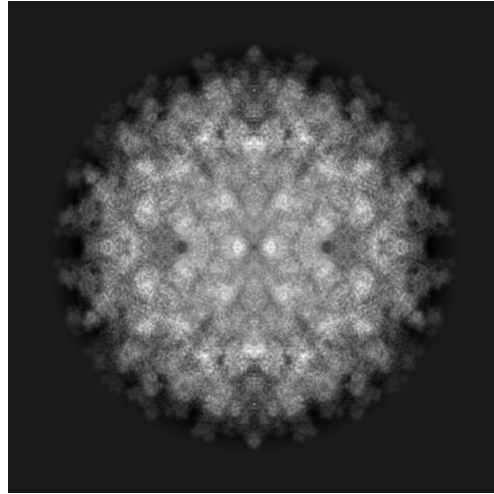
In the projections there should not be stripes (this is an indication of directional overweighting, or angular attraction), and there should not be a dark halo around or inside the structure (this is an indication of incorrect CTF correction or the reconstruction of a biased map).

Results:

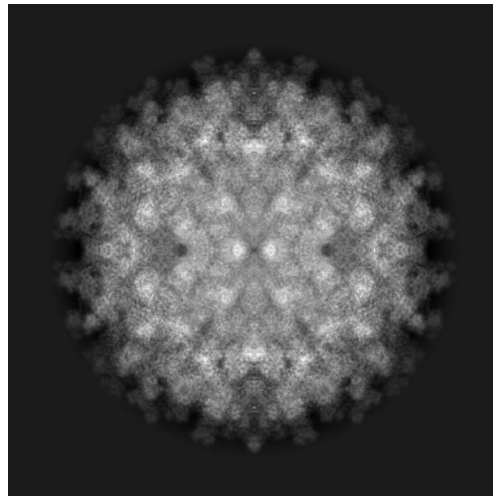
See Fig. [3](#).



(a) X Projection



(b) Y Projection



(c) Z Projection

Figure 3: Projections in the three dimensions

Isosurface views of the input map

Explanation:

An isosurface is the surface of all points that have the same gray value. In these views there should not be many artifacts or noise blobs around the map.

Results:

See Fig. 4.

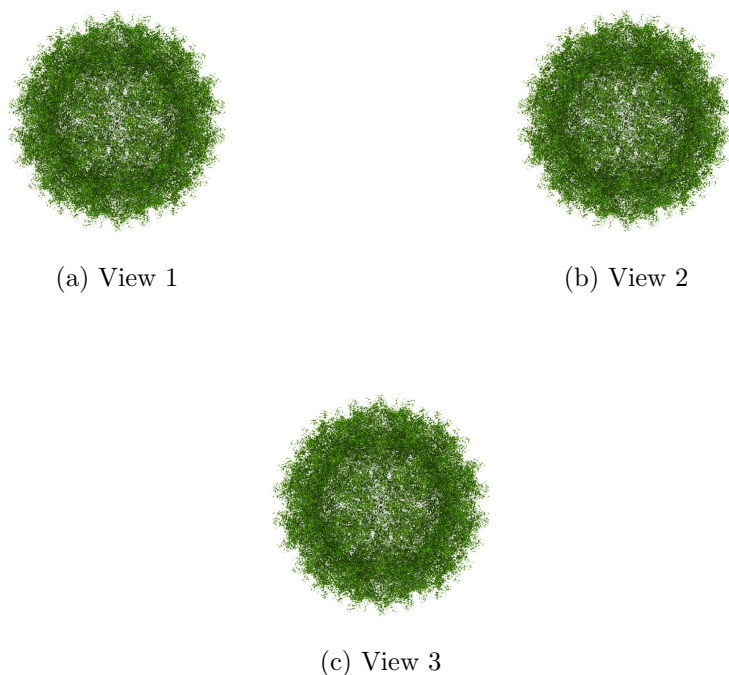


Figure 4: Isosurface at threshold=0.015000. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

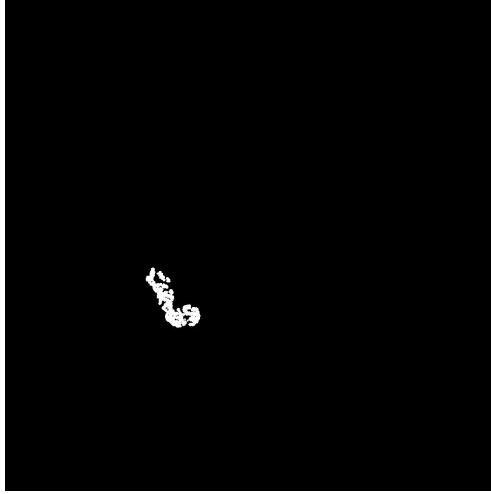
Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the mask with hard borders

Explanation:

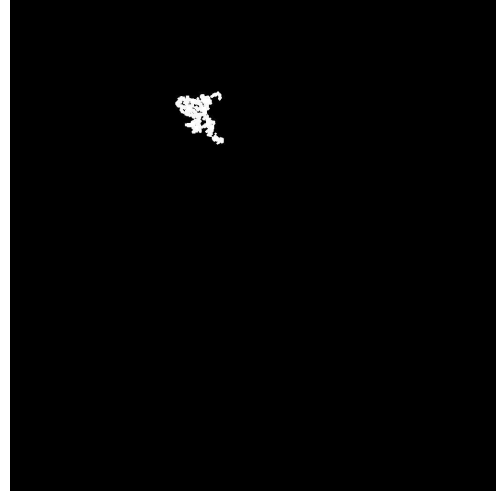
The mask with hard borders has been calculated at the suggested threshold 0.015000, the largest connected component was selected, and then dilated by 2Å.

Results:

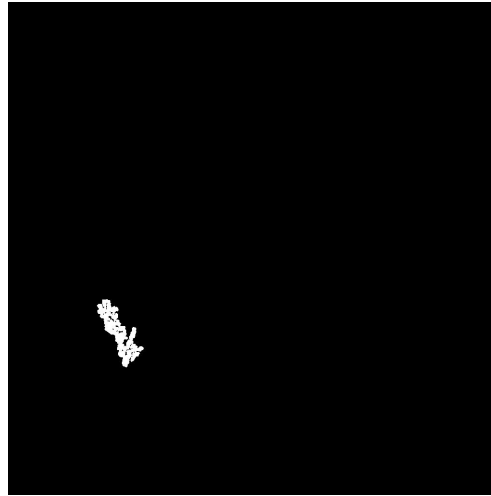
See Fig. 5.



(a) X Slice 211



(b) Y Slice 344



(c) Z Slice 371

Figure 5: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the mask with hard borders

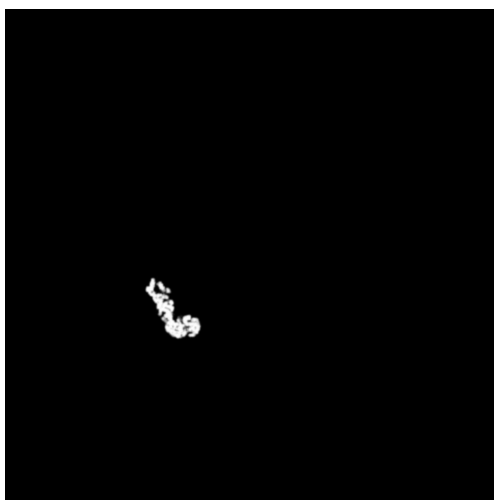
Orthogonal slices of maximum variance of the mask with soft borders

Explanation:

The mask with soft borders has been calculated at the suggested threshold 0.015000, the largest connected component was selected, and then dilated by

2Å.

Results:
See Fig. 6.



(a) X Slice 211



(b) Y Slice 345



(c) Z Slice 370

Figure 6: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the mask with soft borders

2 Level 0 analysis

2.1 Level 0.a Mass analysis

Explanation:

The reconstructed map must be relatively well centered in the box, and there should be at least $30\text{\AA}$ (the exact size depends on the CTF) on each side to make sure that the CTF can be appropriately corrected.

Results:

The space from the left and right in X are 180.26 and 730.38 $\text{\AA}$, respectively. There is a decentering ratio $(\text{abs}(\text{Right-Left})/\text{Size})\%$ of 51.86%

The space from the left and right in Y are 270.40 and 639.21 $\text{\AA}$, respectively. There is a decentering ratio $(\text{abs}(\text{Right-Left})/\text{Size})\%$ of 34.77%

The space from the left and right in Z are 341.88 and 580.16 $\text{\AA}$, respectively. There is a decentering ratio $(\text{abs}(\text{Right-Left})/\text{Size})\%$ of 22.46%

The center of mass is at $(x,y,z)=(511.33,511.33,511.33)$. The decentering of the center of mass $(\text{abs}(\text{Center})/\text{Size})\%$ is 0.07, 0.07, and 0.07, respectively.

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) the decentering and center of mass less than 20% of the map dimensions in all directions, and 2) the extra space on each direction is more than 20% of the map dimensions. For local and focused refinement, or similar, warnings are expected.

WARNINGS: 3 warnings

1. **The volume might be significantly decentered in X.**
2. **The volume might be significantly decentered in Y.**
3. **The volume might be significantly decentered in Z.**

2.2 Level 0.b Mask analysis

Explanation:

The map at the suggested threshold should have most of its mass concentrated in a single connected component. It is normal that after thresholding there are a few thousands of very small, disconnected noise blobs. However, their total mass should not exceed 10%. The raw mask (just thresholding) and the mask constructed for the analysis (thresholding + largest connected component + dilation) should significantly overlap. Overlap is defined by the overlapping coefficient $(\text{size}(\text{Raw AND Constructed})/\text{size}(\text{Raw}))$ that is a number between 0 and 1, the closer to 1, the more they agree.

Results:

Raw mask: At threshold 0.015000, there are 24420 connected components with a total number of voxels of 13651224 and a volume of $15179269.06 \text{ \AA}^3$ (see Fig. 7). The size and percentage of the total number of voxels for the raw mask are listed below (up to 95% of the mass or the first 100 clusters, whatever happens first), the list contains (No. voxels (volume in $\text{\AA}^3$), percentage, cumulated percentage):

(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 0.43)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 0.85)(58156 (64665.67),

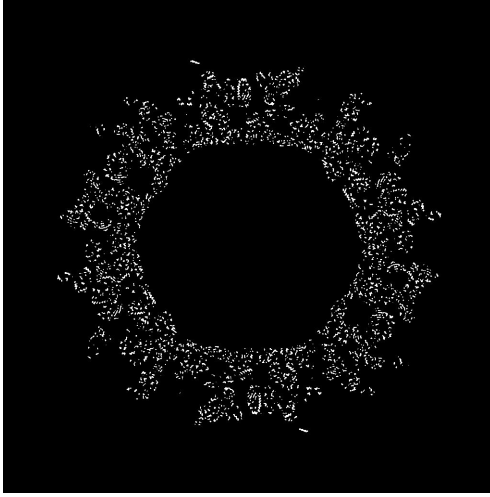
0.43, 1.28)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 1.70)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 2.13)(58156
 (64665.67), 0.43, 2.56)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 2.98)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43,
 3.41)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 3.83)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 4.26)(58156 (64665.67),
 0.43, 4.69)(58156 (64665.67), 0.43, 5.11)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 5.51)(54735
 (60861.74), 0.40, 5.91)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 6.32)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40,
 6.72)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 7.12)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 7.52)(54735 (60861.74),
 0.40, 7.92)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 8.32)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 8.72)(54735
 (60861.74), 0.40, 9.12)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40, 9.52)(54735 (60861.74), 0.40,
 9.92)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 10.31)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 10.70)(52848
 (58763.52), 0.39, 11.08)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 11.47)(52848 (58763.52),
 0.39, 11.86)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 12.25)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 12.63)(52848
 (58763.52), 0.39, 13.02)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 13.41)(52848 (58763.52),
 0.39, 13.79)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 14.18)(52848 (58763.52), 0.39, 14.57)(33544
 (37298.74), 0.25, 14.81)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 15.06)(33544 (37298.74),
 0.25, 15.31)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 15.55)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 15.80)(33544
 (37298.74), 0.25, 16.04)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 16.29)(33544 (37298.74),
 0.25, 16.53)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 16.78)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 17.03)(33544
 (37298.74), 0.25, 17.27)(33544 (37298.74), 0.25, 17.52)(32953 (36641.58),
 0.24, 17.76)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 18.00)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 18.24)(32953
 (36641.58), 0.24, 18.48)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 18.72)(32953 (36641.58),
 0.24, 18.97)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 19.21)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 19.45)(32953
 (36641.58), 0.24, 19.69)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 19.93)(32953 (36641.58),
 0.24, 20.17)(32953 (36641.58), 0.24, 20.41)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 20.57)(21719
 (24150.11), 0.16, 20.73)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 20.89)(21719 (24150.11),
 0.16, 21.05)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 21.21)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 21.37)(21719
 (24150.11), 0.16, 21.53)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 21.69)(21719 (24150.11),
 0.16, 21.85)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 22.01)(21719 (24150.11), 0.16, 22.16)(21719
 (24150.11), 0.16, 22.32)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 22.47)(20254 (22521.12),
 0.15, 22.62)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 22.77)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 22.92)(20254
 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.07)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.21)(20254 (22521.12),
 0.15, 23.36)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.51)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.66)(20254
 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.81)(20254 (22521.12), 0.15, 23.96)(20254 (22521.12),
 0.15, 24.10)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 24.24)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 24.38)(18583
 (20663.08), 0.14, 24.51)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 24.65)(18583 (20663.08),
 0.14, 24.78)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 24.92)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 25.06)(18583
 (20663.08), 0.14, 25.19)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 25.33)(18583 (20663.08),
 0.14, 25.47)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 25.60)(18583 (20663.08), 0.14, 25.74)(12714
 (14137.14), 0.09, 25.83)(12714 (14137.14), 0.09, 25.92)(12714 (14137.14),

0.09, 26.02)

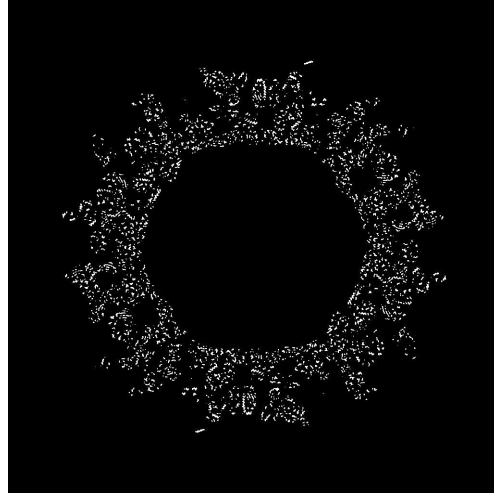
Number of components to reach 95% of the mass: 6377

The average size of the remaining 18043 components is 37.82 voxels (1.11 $\text{\AA}^3$). Their size go from 233 voxels (259.08 $\text{\AA}^3$) to 1 voxels (1.11 $\text{\AA}^3$).

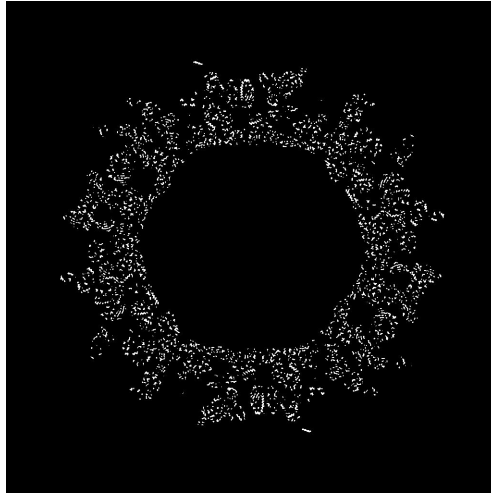
The slices of the raw mask can be seen in Fig. 7.



(a) X Slice 426



(b) Y Slice 426



(c) Z Slice 426

Figure 7: Maximum variance slices in the three dimensions of the raw mask

The following table shows the variation of the mass enclosed at different thresholds (see Fig. 8):

Threshold	Voxel mass	Molecular mass(kDa)	# Aminoacids
0.0013	129631133.00	119421.17	1085646.98
0.0027	69011495.00	63576.03	577963.94
0.0040	58741635.00	54115.05	491954.96
0.0054	50315149.00	46352.24	421384.03
0.0067	43078317.00	39685.40	360776.33
0.0081	36706252.00	33815.21	307410.96
0.0094	31035276.00	28590.89	259917.14
0.0108	26002235.00	23954.26	217765.96
0.0121	21535514.00	19839.34	180357.64
0.0135	17590331.00	16204.89	147317.15
0.0148	14108928.00	12997.69	118160.77
0.0162	11040450.00	10170.89	92462.60
0.0175	8346786.00	7689.38	69903.45
0.0188	6032484.00	5557.36	50521.41
0.0202	4105703.00	3782.33	34384.83
0.0215	2584892.00	2381.30	21648.20
0.0229	1454661.00	1340.09	12182.63
0.0242	708348.00	652.56	5932.34
0.0256	284688.00	262.27	2384.23
0.0269	89292.00	82.26	747.81
0.0283	21720.00	20.01	181.90
0.0296	4392.00	4.05	36.78
0.0310	816.00	0.75	6.83
0.0323	96.00	0.09	0.80

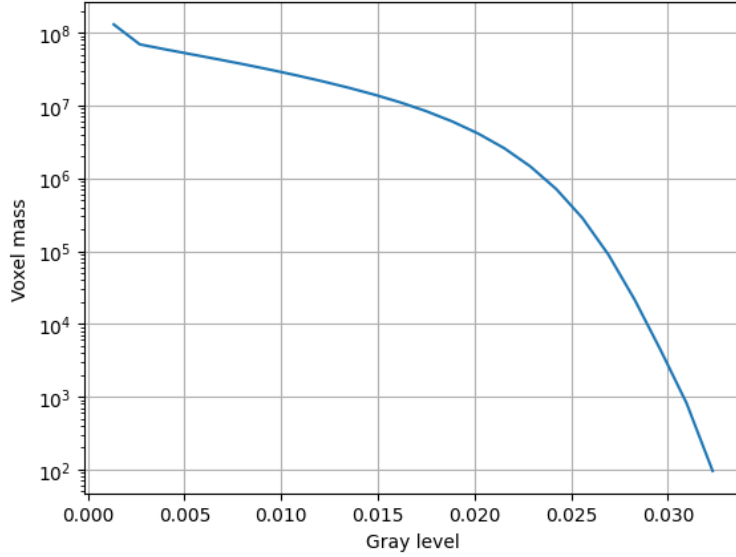


Figure 8: Voxel mass as a function of the gray level.

Constructed mask: After keeping the largest component of the previous mask and dilating it by $2\text{\AA}$, there is a total number of voxels of 374422 and a volume of $416332.80 \text{ \AA}^3$. The overlap between the raw and constructed mask is 0.00.

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) to keep 95% of the mass we need to keep at most 5 connected components; and 2) the average volume of the blobs outside the given threshold has a size smaller than $5\text{\AA}^3$; and 3) the overlap between the raw mask and the mask constructed for the analysis is larger than 75%.

WARNINGS: 2 warnings

1. **There might be a problem of connectivity at this threshold because more than 5 connected components are needed to reach 95% of the total mask. Probably a smaller threshold will not cause this issue.**
2. **There might be a problem in the construction of the mask, because the overlap is smaller than 0.75. A common reason is that the suggested threshold causes too many disconnected**

components.

2.3 Level 0.c Background analysis

Explanation:

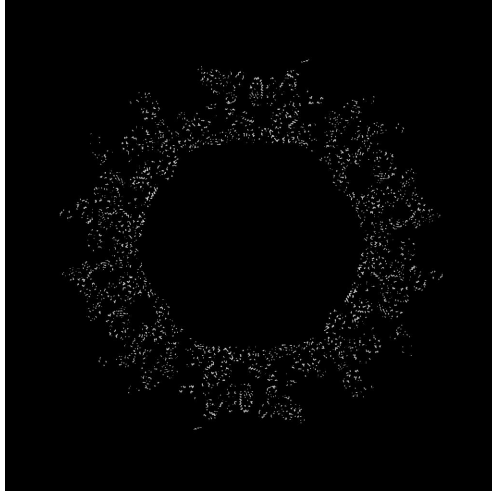
Background is defined as the region outside the macromolecule mask. The background mean should be zero, and the number of voxels with a very low or very high value (below 5 standard deviations of the noise) should be very small and they should be randomly distributed without any specific structure. Sometimes, you can see some structure due to the symmetry of the structure.

Results:

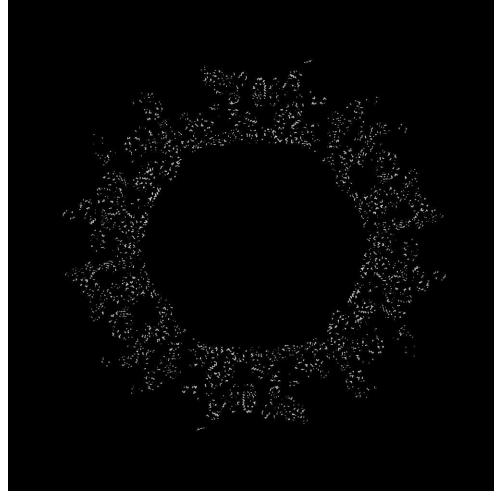
The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 was tested with a one-sample Student's t-test. The resulting t-statistic and p-value were -10631.70 and 0.000000, respectively.

The mean and standard deviation (sigma) of the background were -0.001109 and 0.003417. The percentage of background voxels whose absolute value is larger than 5 times the standard deviation is 0.85 % (see Fig. 9). The same percentage from a Gaussian would be 0.000057% (ratio between the two percentages: 14790.087819).

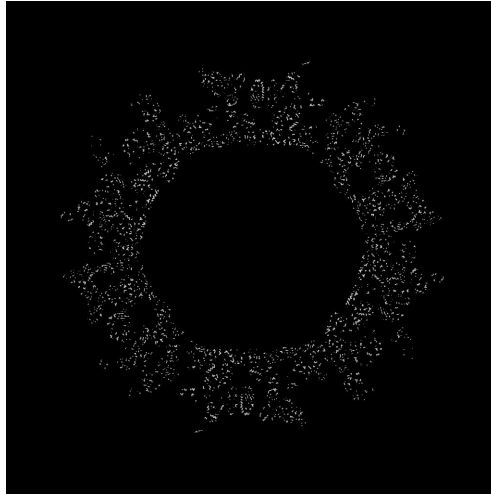
Slices of the background beyond 5*sigma can be seen in Fig. 9.



(a) X Slice 598



(b) Y Slice 426



(c) Z Slice 598

Figure 9: Maximum variance slices in the three dimensions of the parts of the background beyond $5 \cdot \sigma$

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if 1) the p-value of the null hypothesis that the background has 0 mean is larger than 0.001; and 2) the number of voxels above or below 5 sigma is smaller than 20 times the amount

expected for a Gaussian with the same standard deviation whose mean is 0.

WARNINGS: 2 warnings

1. **The null hypothesis that the background mean is 0 has been rejected because the p-value of the comparison is smaller than 0.001**
2. **There is a significant proportion of outlier values in the background (cdf5 ratio=14790.09)**

2.4 Level 0.d B-factor analysis

Explanation:

The B-factor line (see this [link](#) for more details) fitted between 15Å and the resolution reported should have a slope that is between 0 and 300 Å².

Results:

Fig. 10 shows the logarithm (in natural units) of the structure factor (the module squared of the Fourier transform) of the experimental map, its fitted line, and the corrected map. The estimated B-factor was -152.5. The fitted line was $\log(|F|^2) = -38.1/R^2 + (-14.2)$.

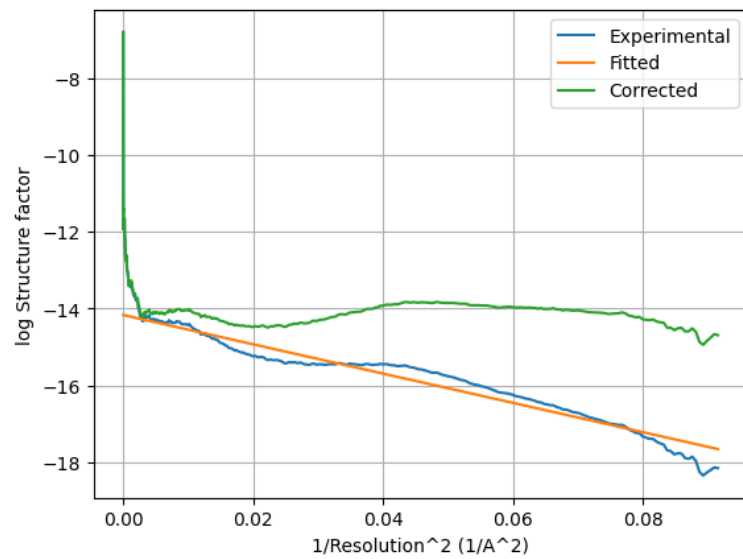


Figure 10: Guinier plot. The X-axis is the square of the inverse of the resolution in $\text{\AA}$.





(c) Z Slice 426

Figure 11: Slices of maximum variation in the three dimensions of the B-factor corrected map

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the B-factor is in the range $[-300,0]$.

STATUS: OK

2.5 Level 0.e Local resolution with DeepRes

Explanation:

DeepRes (see this [link](#) for more details) measures the local resolution using a neural network that has been trained on the appearance of atomic structures at different resolutions. Then, by comparing the local appearance of the input map to the appearance of the atomic structures a local resolution label can be assigned.

Results:

Fig. [12](#) shows the histogram of the local resolution according to DeepRes. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	Resolution($\text{\AA}$)
2.5%	3.99
25%	4.51
50%	4.79
75%	5.11
97.5%	5.90

The reported resolution, 3.30 $\text{\AA}$, is at the percentile 0.0. Fig. 13 shows some representative views of the local resolution.

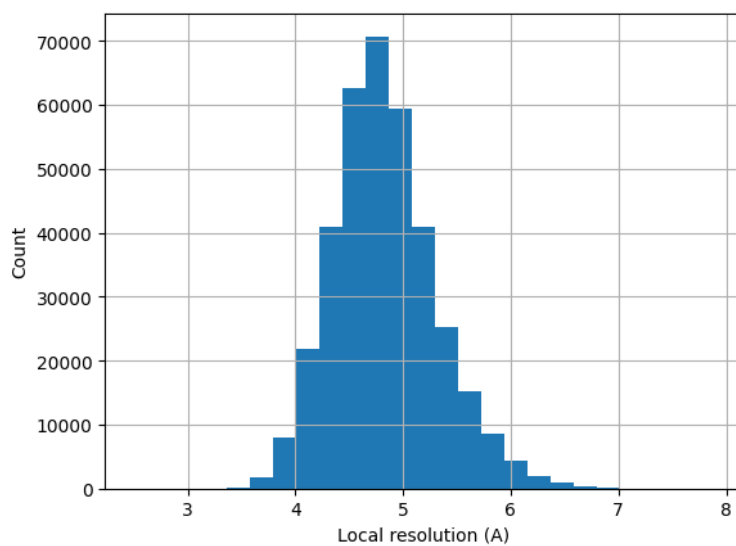
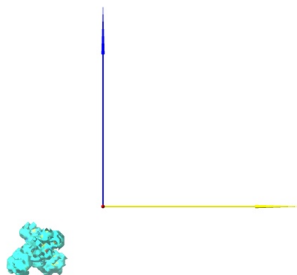
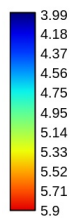
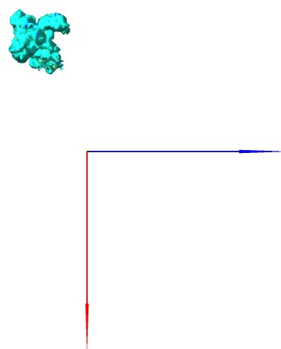
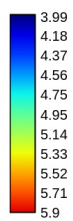


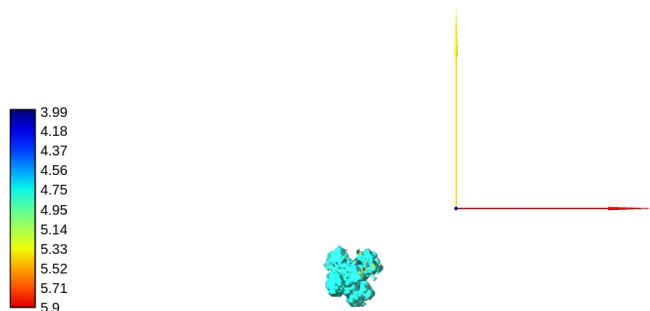
Figure 12: Histogram of the local resolution according to deepres.



(a) View 1



(b) View 2



(c) View 3

Figure 13: Local resolution according to DeepRes. Views generated by ChimeraX at a the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the percentile of the user provided resolution is larger than 0.1% of the percentile of the local resolution as estimated by DeepRes.

WARNINGS: 1 warnings

1. **The reported resolution, 3.30 Å, is particularly high with respect to the local resolution distribution. It occupies the 0.01 percentile**

2.6 Level 0.f Local B-factor

Explanation:

LocBfactor (see this [link](#) for more details) estimates a local resolution B-factor by decomposing the input map into a local magnitude and phase term using the spiral transform.

Results:

Fig. 14 shows the histogram of the local B-factor according to LocBfactor. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	Local B-factor ($\text{\AA}^{-2}$)
2.5%	-302.89
25%	-260.47
50%	-240.06
75%	-220.00
97.5%	-180.79

Fig. 15 shows some representative views of the local B-factor.

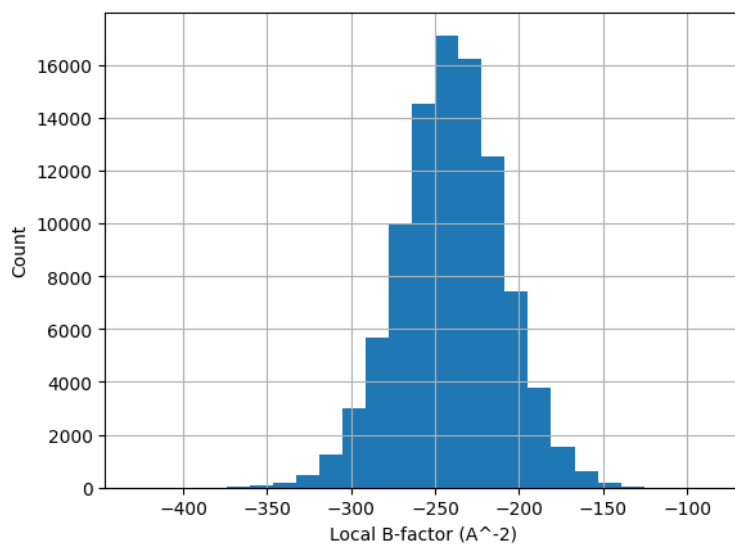
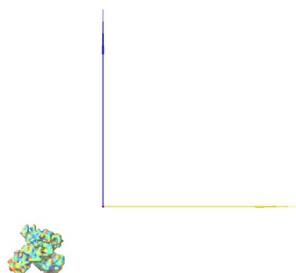
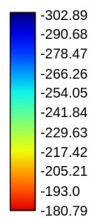
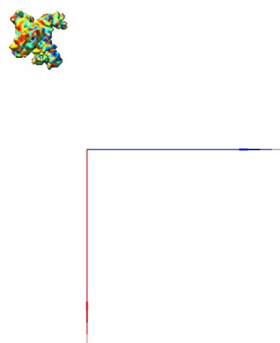
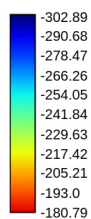


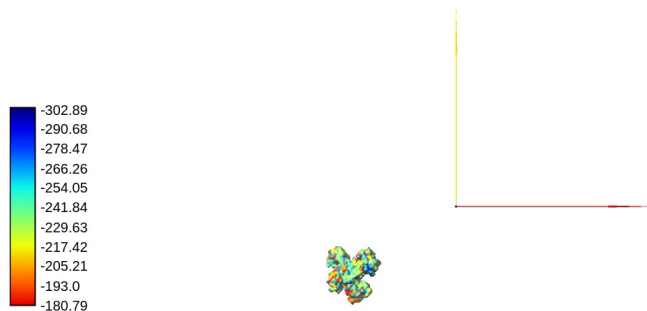
Figure 14: Histogram of the local B-factor according to LocBfactor.



(a) View 1



(b) View 2



(c) View 3

Figure 15: Local B-factor according to LocBfactor. Views generated by ChimeraX at the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the median B-factor is in the range [-300,0].

STATUS: OK

2.7 Level 0.g Local Occupancy

Explanation:

LocOccupancy (see this [link](#) for more details) estimates the occupancy of a voxel by the macromolecule.

Results:

Fig. 16 shows the histogram of the local occupancy according to LocOccupancy. Some representative percentiles are:

Percentile	Local Occupancy [0-1]
2.5%	0.42
25%	0.67
50%	0.77
75%	0.85
97.5%	0.94

Fig. 17 shows some representative views of the local occupancy.

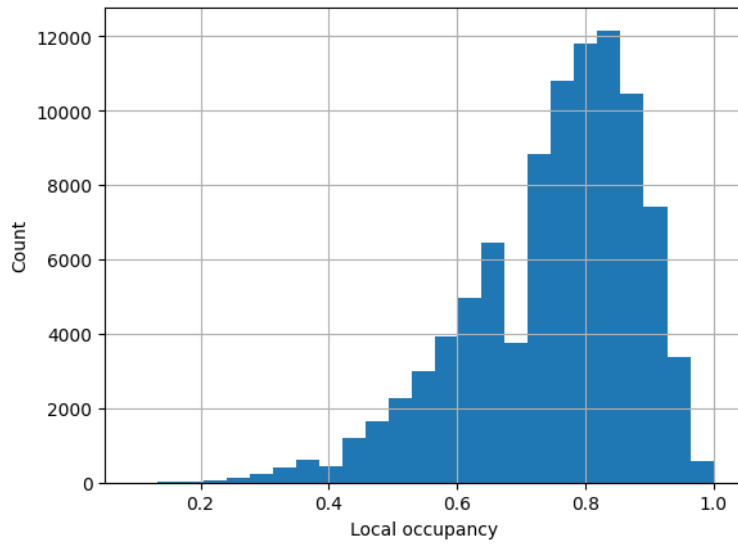
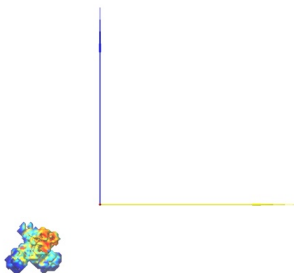
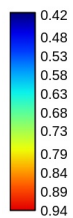
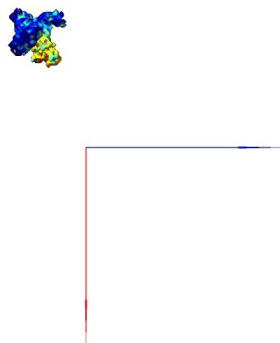
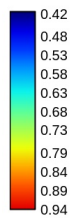


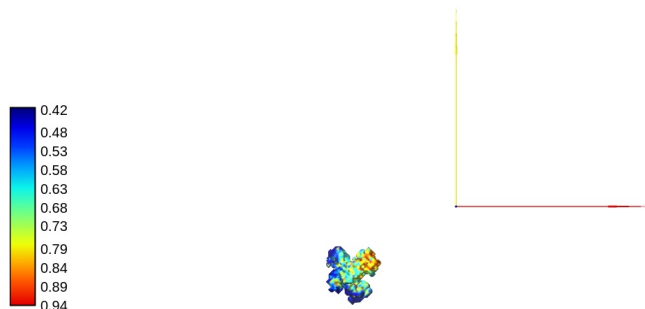
Figure 16: Histogram of the local occupancy according to LocOccupancy.



(a) View 1



(b) View 2



(c) View 3

Figure 17: Local occupancy according to LocOccupancy. Views generated by ChimeraX at the following X, Y, Z angles: View 1 (0, -90, -90), View 2 (-90, 0, -90), View 3 (0, 0, 0).

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the median occupancy is larger than 50%.

STATUS: OK

2.8 Level 0.h Hand correction

Explanation:

Deep Hand (see this [link](#) for more details) determines the correction of the hand for those maps with a resolution smaller than $5\text{\AA}$. The method calculates a value between 0 (correct hand) and 1 (incorrect hand) using a neural network to assign its hand.

Results:

Deep hand assigns a score of 0.198 to the input volume.

Automatic criteria: The validation is OK if the deep hand score is smaller than 0.5.

STATUS: OK